

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 22-Oct-2010

Revision Date 06-May-2020

Revision Number 3

1. Identification

Product Name

Isobutyl acetate

Cat No. :

A14892

CAS-No Synonyms 110-19-0 2-Methylpropyl acetate

Recommended UseLaboratory chemicals.Uses advised againstFood, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<u>Company</u>

Alfa Aesar Thermo Fisher Scientific Chemicals, Inc. 30 Bond Street Ward Hill, MA 01835-8099 Tel: 800-343-0660 Fax: 800-322-4757 **Email:** tech@alfa.com www.alfa.com

Emergency Telephone Number

During normal business hours (Monday-Friday, 8am-7pm EST), call (800) 343-0660. After normal business hours, call Carechem 24 at (866) 928-0789.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Target Organs - Central nervous system (CNS). Category 2 Category 3

Label Elements

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor May cause drowsiness or dizziness



Precautionary Statements Prevention

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Keep cool Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell Skin IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Fire In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store locked up Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component		CAS-No	Weight %
Isobutyl acetate		110-19-0	>95
	4.	First-aid measures	
Eye Contact	Rinse immeo medical atter	liately with plenty of water, also under th ntion.	ne eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get
Skin Contact		nediately with soap and plenty of water shoes. Get medical attention.	while removing all contaminated
Inhalation Remove from exposure, lie down. Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.			
Ingestion	Clean mouth	with water. Get medical attention.	
Most important symptoms and effectsDifficulty in breathing Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may on headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting Treat symptomaticallyNotes to PhysicianTreat symptomatically		, , ,	

	5. Fire-fightin	g measures			
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Water spray. Carbon dioxid to cool closed containers.	e (CO 2). Dry chemical. Chem	nical foam. Water mist may be use		
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	No information available				
Flash Point	18 °C / 64.4 °F				
Method -	Abel-Pensky (DIN 51755)				
Autoignition Temperature	405 °C / 761 °F				
Explosion Limits Upper Lower Sensitivity to Mechanical Impac Sensitivity to Static Discharge Specific Hazards Arising from the O Flammable. Vapors may form explosi mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to	No information available Chemical ve mixtures with air. Containe	rs may explode when heated back.	l. Vapors may form explosive		
lange de la Complete d'un Des des la					
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxi Protective Equipment and Precauti As in any fire, wear self-contained bre	ons for Firefighters	mand, MSHA/NIOSH (appro	wed or equivalent) and full		
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxi Protective Equipment and Precauti As in any fire, wear self-contained bre protective gear.	ons for Firefighters	mand, MSHA/NIOSH (appro Instability 0	oved or equivalent) and full Physical hazards N/A		
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxi Protective Equipment and Precauti As in any fire, wear self-contained bre protective gear. NFPA Health	ons for Firefighters eathing apparatus pressure-de Flammability	Instability 0	Physical hazards		
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxi Protective Equipment and Precauti As in any fire, wear self-contained bre protective gear. NFPA Health 2 Personal Precautions	ons for Firefighters eathing apparatus pressure-de Flammability 3 6. Accidental rel	Instability 0 ease measures on. Take precautionary meas	Physical hazards		
	ons for Firefighters eathing apparatus pressure-de Flammability 3 <u>6. Accidental rel</u> Remove all sources of igniti See Section 12 for additiona n Soak up with inert absorber sawdust). Keep in suitable,	Instability 0 Case measures on. Take precautionary meas al Ecological Information. It material (e.g. sand, silica g closed containers for dispose	Physical hazards N/A sures against static discharges.		
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxi Protective Equipment and Precauti As in any fire, wear self-contained bre protective gear. NFPA Health 2 Personal Precautions Environmental Precautions Methods for Containment and Clea Up	Flammability 3 6. Accidental rel Remove all sources of igniti See Section 12 for additiona n Soak up with inert absorber sawdust). Keep in suitable, Use spark-proof tools and e environment. 7. Handling a	Instability 0 ease measures on. Take precautionary meas al Ecological Information. It material (e.g. sand, silica g closed containers for disposa xplosion-proof equipment. Do	Physical hazards N/A sures against static discharges. el, acid binder, universal binder, al. Remove all sources of ignition. o not let this chemical enter the		
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxi Protective Equipment and Precauti As in any fire, wear self-contained bre protective gear. NFPA Health 2 Personal Precautions Environmental Precautions Methods for Containment and Clea	ons for Firefighters eathing apparatus pressure-de Flammability 3 6. Accidental rel Remove all sources of igniti See Section 12 for additionant n Soak up with inert absorber sawdust). Keep in suitable, Use spark-proof tools and e environment. 7. Handling a Avoid contact with skin and vapors or mists. Do not inger spark-proof tools and explored from open flames, hot surfal	Instability 0 ease measures on. Take precautionary meas al Ecological Information. It material (e.g. sand, silica g closed containers for disposa xplosion-proof equipment. De ind storage eyes. Avoid contact with skir est. If swallowed then seek im sion-proof equipment. Use or ces and sources of ignition. T al parts of the equipment mu	Physical hazards N/A sures against static discharges. el, acid binder, universal binder, al. Remove all sources of ignition. o not let this chemical enter the n and clothing. Avoid breathing mediate medical assistance. Use hly non-sparking tools. Keep away Fo avoid ignition of vapors by static		
Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxi Protective Equipment and Precauti As in any fire, wear self-contained bre protective gear. NFPA Health 2 Personal Precautions Environmental Precautions Methods for Containment and Clea Up	Flammability 3 6. Accidental rel Remove all sources of igniti See Section 12 for additionant n Soak up with inert absorber sawdust). Keep in suitable, Use spark-proof tools and e environment. 7. Handling a Avoid contact with skin and vapors or mists. Do not inger spark-proof tools and explore from open flames, hot surfar electricity discharge, all met precautionary measures ag Keep in a dry, cool and well label for specific storage ter	Instability 0 ease measures on. Take precautionary meas al Ecological Information. It material (e.g. sand, silica g closed containers for disposa xplosion-proof equipment. De ind storage eyes. Avoid contact with skir est. If swallowed then seek im sion-proof equipment. Use or ces and sources of ignition. T al parts of the equipment mu ainst static discharges. -ventilated place. Refer prod inperature requirement. Keep	Physical hazards N/A sures against static discharges. el, acid binder, universal binder, al. Remove all sources of ignition. o not let this chemical enter the n and clothing. Avoid breathing mediate medical assistance. Use hly non-sparking tools. Keep away Fo avoid ignition of vapors by static		

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Isobutyl acetate	TWA: 50 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 150 ppm	IDLH: 1300 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm
	STEL: 150 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 700 mg/m ³	TWA: 150 ppm	
		TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 700 mg/m ³	
		TWA: 700 mg/m ³		

<u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration NIOSH IDLH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.	
Personal Protective Equipment		
Eye/face Protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.	
Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.	
Respiratory Protection	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions.	
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.	

9. Physical and chemical properties				
Physical State	Liquid			
Appearance	Colorless			
Odor	sweet			
Odor Threshold	4.05 ppm			
рН	5.0 4g/IH2O			
Melting Point/Range	-99 °C / -146.2 °F			
Boiling Point/Range	116 - 118 °C / 240.8 - 243.5 °F @ 760 mmHg			
Flash Point	18 °C / 64.4 °F			
Method -	Abel-Pensky (DIN 51755)			
Evaporation Rate	0.17			
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable			
Flammability or explosive limits				
Upper	10.5%			
Lower	2.4%			
Vapor Pressure	15 mmHg @ 20 °C			
Vapor Density	2.5			
Specific Gravity	0.873			
Solubility	7 g/L (20°C)			
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available			
Autoignition Temperature	405 °C / 761 °F			
Decomposition Temperature	No information available			
Viscosity	0.7 mPa s at 20 °C			
Molecular Formula	C6 H12 O2			
Molecular Weight	116.16			

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive HazardNone known, based on information availableStabilityStable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases
Hazardous Decomposition Product	s Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Component Informatic Component Isobutyl acetate		LD50 Oral				
Isobutyl acetate	e LC		LD50 Oral LD50 Derma		LC50	Inhalation
		050 = 15400 mg/kg(F	Rat) LD50 >	17400 mg/kg (Rabbit	t) LC0 = 23.4	4 mg/l (rat; 4 h)
Products Delaved and immediat	-	c No information available				
Irritation No information available						
Sensitization		No information ava	ilable			
Carcinogenicity		The table below inc	dicates whether	each agency has list	ed any ingredient	as a carcinogen
Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Isobutyl acetate	110-19-0	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Reproductive Effects Developmental Effects	S	No information available. No information available.				
Feratogenicity		No information ava	ilable.			
STOT - single exposur STOT - repeated expo		Central nervous sy None known	stem (CNS)			
Aspiration hazard		No information ava	ilable			
Symptoms / effects,b delayed	oth acute and	d Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting				he, dizziness,
Endocrine Disruptor I	nformation	No information available				
Other Adverse Effects	er Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.					

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Isobutyl acetate	EC50: 370 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (72 h)	LC50: = 101 mg/L, 48h static (Leuciscus idus melanotus) LC50: = 17 mg/L, 96h	Not listed	EC50: = 168 mg/L, 24h (Daphnia magna)

	(OECD Test Guid	line 201) (Oryzias latipes) LC50: 101 - 123 mg/L, 48h flow-through (Leuciscus idus melanotus)
Persistence and Degrada	ability Sol	ble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.
Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No informati		nformation available.
Mobility	. W	l likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Isobutyl acetate	1.72

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

	14. Transport information
DOT	
UN-No	UN1213
Proper Shipping Name	ISOBUTYL ACETATE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	
<u>TDG</u>	
UN-No	UN1213
Proper Shipping Name	ISOBUTYL ACETATE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	ll
IATA UN-No	UN1213
Proper Shipping Name	ISOBUTYL ACETATE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	
IMDG/IMO	"
UN-No	UN1213
Proper Shipping Name	ISOBUTYL ACETATE
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	
	15. Regulatory information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS-No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active/Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Isobutyl acetate	110-19-0	Х	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710) X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (ECL).

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Isobutyl acetate	110-19-0	Х	-	203-745-1	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-00055

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Isobutyl acetate	X	-	-	-

Clean Air Act	Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and	Not applicable
Health Administration	

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Isobutyl acetate	5000 lb	-
California Proposition 65	s product does not contain any Proposition 65	chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Isobutyl acetate	Х	Х	Х	-	Х

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ):	Ν
DOT Marine Pollutant	Ν
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant	Ν
U.S. Department of Homeland Security	This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade

No information available

	16. Other information
Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department Email: tech@alfa.com www.alfa.com
Creation Date Revision Date Print Date Revision Summary	22-Oct-2010 06-May-2020 06-May-2020 SDS authoring systems update, replaces ChemGes SDS No. 110-19-0/2.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information

relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text